

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.		FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
	10/649,846	08/26/2003		Jack Forbes	5589.00003	7007
	29747	7590	08/23/2006		EXAMINER	
	GREENBERG TRAURIG			KARKHANIS, AASHISH		
	3773 HOWARD HUGHES PARKWAY SUITE 500 NORTH				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	LAS VEGAS NV 80100				2714	

DATE MAILED: 08/23/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Art Unit: 3714

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## **Drawings**

1. New corrected drawings in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in this application because the hand-drawn flowchart of Figure 5 has very poor legibility.

Applicant is advised to employ the services of a competent patent draftsperson outside the Office, as the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office no longer prepares new drawings.

The corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The requirement for corrected drawings will not be held in abevance.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States
- 1. Claims 1 6, 8 12, 14 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Wood et al. (U.S. Patent 6,342,007 B1).

Regarding Claims 1, 10 and 15, Wood discloses a method and gaming machine including a processor in communication with a random number generator and display (col. 3, lins. 6 – 11), one or more player interfaces (fig. 1) for playing a poker based wagering game including said player receiving five or more random cards (col. 3, lins. 11 – 12), said player selecting to hold one or more of the five or more random cards (col. 3, lins. 12 – 15), if said one or more hold cards is common to a royal flush, providing the player an opportunity to place a wager, if said player elects to place the

Art Unit: 3714

wager, replacing one or more of the non-hold cards with cards needed for partial completion of the royal flush such that the player has a higher probability of successfully drawing the royal flush after placing the wager than before placing the wager, randomly replacing one or each of the player's cards not common to the royal flush (col. 3, lins. 32 – 43; where if four cards are common to a flush, which may also be common to a royal flush, then a fifth card of the same suit is drawn, guaranteeing a flush and increasing the chance of completing a royal flush), and awarding said player a payout if a player's final poker hand is the royal flush (col. 3, lins. 43 – 45).

Regarding Claims 2 and 5, Wood discloses a method wherein if the player places the wager, the non-hold cards are replaced in such a number that the player holds a poker hand having four of the five cards necessary to complete the royal flush (col. 3, lins. 32 – 43; where if four cards are common to a flush, which may also be common to a royal flush, then a fifth card of the same suit is drawn, guaranteeing a flush and increasing the chance of completing a royal flush), wherein pre-established odds are related to the number of player selected hold cards common to the royal flush (col. 3, lins. 43 – 45; where a player is given an award based on a pre-established pay table which inherently has both payout values and odds related to those payout values).

Regarding Claims 3-4, 6, 8, 11-12 and 16-17, Wood discloses a method and a processor wherein if the player places the wager and the player's final hand is not a royal flush, the player continues to be eligible for an award based on the poker ranking of the player's final hand (col. 5, lins. 5-20; where an award table based on card combinations is sued for giving awards to a player for winning combinations),

Art Unit: 3714

wherein the player receives an award if the poker ranking of the player's final hand is a minimum pre-established poker ranking less than the royal flush of a pair of jacks or better (col. 5, lin. 20; where a Pair of Jacks is the minimum value hand which is eligible for an award), wherein the player initially receives five or seven random cards (col. 3, lins. 10 - 12).

Regarding Claims 9 and 14, Woo discloses a method wherein the method is facilitated by an electronic gaming machine (col. 3, lins. 45 – 52).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 7, 13 and 18 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wood et al. (U.S. Patent 6,342,007 B1).

2. Regarding Claims 7, 13 and 18, Wood discloses a method wherein preestablished odds are established (col. 5, lins. 5 – 20), but does not discloses a range from 40 to 1 to 50 to 1 on the wager. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified the electronic poker flush game with a specific pay table of Wood with the pay table as claimed by the applicant in order to change the profitability of a machine for a casino or the entertainment value of a machine for a player.

#### Conclusion

Application/Control Number: 10/649,846

Art Unit: 3714

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

U.S. Patent 5,033,744: Royal Flush instant win game.

U.S. Patent 5,332,219: Seven Card Royal Flush game.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Aashish Karkhanis whose telephone number is (571) 272-2774. The examiner can normally be reached on 0800-1630 M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert Olszewski can be reached on (571) 272-6788. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

ARK

JOHN M. HOTALING, II PRIMARY EXAMINER